

Insurgents raided an American plantation known as the Soldad, near Cienfuegos, and carried away a number of horses. The fact of the raid was communicated to Commander Pullan, who immediately ordered a detachment of marines ashore. Commander Pullan reported his action to-day to the Department and his course has met with approval. It is probable that the marines will be kept ashore as long as there is any need of their presence.

There is a large band of insurgents before Cienfuegos and the indications are that the Government soldiers there are not in a position to repulse them and at the same time give that degree of protection to American property which is demanded.

Mr. Sleeper, the United States Chargé in Havana, in a despatch to the State Department this morning says that there is a good deal of confusion and uncertainty regarding the rumored burning of sugar estates. As far as he had advised up to this morning, the Hueston plantation has not been destroyed. Neither is the reported destruction of the Constancia plantation confirmed, and a despatch from the manager of the Homeguere estate, Mr. Sleeper says, does not mention damage to property there. A private despatch received at the State Department to-day, however, announces the burning by the rebels of the railway station at Homeguere, and this is regarded as the probable foundation for the story that the sugar plantations have been destroyed.

Consul Holiday at Santiago reported to the State Department to-day that there had been no active insurgent operations in Santiago province, but he understands that there is a force of 500 rebels under arms in that part of the island.

STOP FIGHTING, SAYS JUNTA.

Cables to Yayas to Await Tait's Arrival.

No Dynamite Wanted. The first thing the Cuban revolutionary junta here did yesterday morning after considering the President's letter to Señor Quesada, Cuban Minister to the United States, was to send this despatch to Felipe Romero of Havana, a Nationalist, who has not taken any decided stand for or against the revolting Liberals.

Roosevelt sends secretaries and mediators. Inform Yayas (President of the provisional government of the revolution) immediately to stop fighting. CHARLES M. AGUIRRE. Col. Aguirre, who is the head of the junta, said that Señor Romero was the wealthiest young man in Cuba and a personal friend of the members of the junta.

"There need be no fear," said the Colonel, "that the despatch will not be delivered to Señor Romero. They may even send a large guard of rurales with him to make sure that he turns over the despatch to the revolutionary government outside of Havana. The party of Palma is more anxious to have hostilities stopped than we are, as they know that the result of the first big battle will be defeat for them."

"We have decided that we will do no more fighting unless we are provoked to it by attack by the forces of Palma. We will hold whatever positions we have taken by force of arms and will await investigation by the United States Government of the condition of affairs in Cuba. It is needless to say that we will annul the fraudulent election by which Palma has returned to power. So long as he continues in office illegally we will protest. We want the question which party is entitled to supremacy in Cuba decided by the ballot, and we are willing that the United States shall supervise the election and the counting of the votes."

After pondering the President's letter the junta issued this address to the people of the United States:

We wish to express our satisfaction and pleasure regarding the letter addressed by President Roosevelt to Minister Gonzalo de Quesada, representing the Republic of Cuba in Washington. Our understanding of that document is that the United States will intervene in Cuba only for the purpose of rendering justice to the people of the island. The mission of the President's representatives, we infer, is to decide whether the Cuban rebels are or are not in the right in their opposition to the Palma Administration.

If the honorable gentlemen Secretary Taft and Assistant Secretary Bacon obtain a full knowledge of the facts regarding the conduct of the Palma Government, we have no doubt as to what they will report when they come to decide who has been right or wrong, the Government of the Moderate party or the Liberals in arms.

We believe that with the proofs that will be presented to them the gentlemen will declare the killing of Colonel and Representative Villandrea a murder, carried out with the knowledge and consent of the Cuban Administration, that the Cuban voters were deprived of their electoral rights whenever they were not willing to vote for Palma, and all the frauds and unlawful acts of the Palma Government will be brought to light. We are not in the least intimidated by the commissioners appointed by our friend, the President of the United States, the Honorable Theodore Roosevelt.

We are content that the United States should not side with one or the other of the political parties of Cuba, but will decide in accordance with justice and the honor of the nation to whom our country is so much indebted.

We wish to express our gratitude to the President of the United States for his action in staying the shedding of blood and aiding us in the solution of the present trouble.

Two representatives of firms in this city dealing in high explosives called on Col. Aguirre yesterday and offered to furnish for a rather large consideration enough stuff to blow up the entire city of Havana. The men were enthusiastic and persistent and the Colonel had a hard time dismissing them. He told them that the junta had decided to do nothing more of a warlike nature. The case of the revolutionists was in the hands of the President of the United States, and the revolutionists' object being to enlist the services of the American Government in the settlement of the dispute, and the object of Palma being to get Uncle Sam to interfere for him.

Capt. Mario Carrillo y Aldama, representing the Government of Palma here, said that no American property had been destroyed in Cuba, as had been reported, and that the strength of the insurgents had been greatly overestimated; that they really had only about 1,500 armed men in the field, including many Spaniards. He declared that the rebellion would soon be put down, and that there was no truth in the reports that the Government forces had massacred prisoners. Col. Aguirre, commenting on the remarks of Capt. Aldama, said that the reports that the revolutionists were destroying American property from the coast of the Palma side, the revolutionists' object being to enlist the services of the American Government in the settlement of the dispute, and the object of Palma being to get Uncle Sam to interfere for him.

Correct Dress for Men
Distinctive clothes need not cost more than the commonplace, do not here.

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Broadway, Cor. 26 & 27

300 MARINES READY FOR CUBA.

Seasick Men Mostly Who Have Recently Seen Service in the West Indies.

The marine barracks of the navy yard at Brooklyn received orders yesterday to send 300 marines attached to the auxiliary cruiser Yankee to League Island. It was said the men would be sent direct to Cuba if the situation demanded. The Yankee, recently back from a long stay in Dominican waters, presented a warlike appearance. Orders were scurrying hither and thither and officers giving final orders. The weather was almost perfect, and when finally, shortly after noon, the command marched out the Sands street gate with flags flying in the spanking breeze a mighty cheer was raised by spectators.

The marines were in heavy marching order, with khaki suits and campaign hats. They made their way to the Pennsylvania ferry and embarked for Jersey City, where they entrained for Philadelphia. The Yankee's crew has been granted a ten days shore leave, with a ready call clause in case of need.

The barracks were well prepared for supplying the needs of the marines. The large detachment that came there at the end of July from the Isthmus of Panama has been taken care of so well that the men are in fine health, and the use of the tropics are virtually acclimated for the work that would fall to them in Cuba. New men just in from the West will be added to the detachment who had seen service in Panama.

Little was discussed at the navy yard yesterday except the latest phase of the Cuban question. Except at the marine barracks and around the Yankee the routine prevailed. Veterans of the Spanish-American war recalled and spun many of the old yarns, finding ready listeners. One blue-jacket remarked that there was always this talk of fight, but never enough of the real thing to suit us.

There are only two other vessels here besides the Yankee, the Dolphin, undergoing repairs, which will be completed in two weeks, and the new battleship Connecticut. A large force of men are working on the latter, and the officers in charge express the hope that she will be ready to be put in commission the latter part of this month. Capt. William Heron Reeder, formerly of the battleship Alabama, took up his new duties yesterday as Captain of the yard, succeeding Rear Admiral Hemphill, the latter advanced to take the place of the late Rear Admiral Train. Capt. Reeder received his appointment to the service from lower down the list, and was built on the Academy in 1887. For a time he served on the Piscataqua, flagship of the Asiatic Squadron. After that he was attached successively to the four naval stations, Philadelphia and Portsmouth, the North Atlantic Squadron and did special duty at the Navy Department in Washington.

RUSH TO JOIN THE NAVY.

Large Number of Applications Anticipating Trouble in Cuba.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 15.—Threatened trouble in Cuba and the rush of American warships to the island has done more than all of Uncle Sam's press agents to arouse interest in the navy and bring in applicants for enlistment. During the three days the United States ship Wolverine has been in Cleveland seventy-five applications for enlistment have been received, and owing to the rush of young men to become sea fighters the Lake warship has pulled her anchor behind the breakwater and tied up to the Erie street pier so that the applicants can reach shipboard easier.

Twenty-five new recruits were sent East last night. The apprentice seamen are sent to Norfolk, Va., and the mechanics to the New York Navy Yard.

The new navy recruiting station which is to be established in Cleveland will be opened on September 19.

CUBA BUYS THE ALIEN.

Edwin Gould's Steam Yacht to Be a Government Vessel.

Edwin Gould has sold his steam yacht Alien to the Cuban Government through the office of Tams, Lemoine & Crane, and the yacht is now fitting out in South Brooklyn for the voyage to Havana. The yacht will only take with it the stores sufficient for the trip. The Candida, which the Cubans purchased through the same agency little more than a week ago, has arrived at Havana after a passage of five days.

The Alien is a steel vessel of 178 gross and 100 net tons, and was built by the Delaware in 1890 from designs by William Gardner, and her dimensions are 148 feet 6 inches over all, 124 feet on the water line, 20 feet beam and 8 feet draft. She is fitted with triple expansion engines and can be easily converted into a small gunboat for use in harbors.

Some years ago George J. Gould sold the steam yacht Atlantea to Venezuela and she was renamed Restaurador.

PARSONS SIDES WITH WELLS.

But Both Candidates in the 29th Are on the Parsons Side.

Chairman Parsons of the Republican county committee has turned down Frank Hendrick, who was the first candidate for the Republican leadership of the new Twenty-ninth Assembly district as a Parsons man. Mr. Parsons has given his recognition to Frederick De W. Wells, who is opposing Hendrick and who until a week ago was supposed to be the nominee of the Odell-Quigg faction. Since then Mr. Wells has announced that he was with Mr. Parsons. Mr. Hendrick retaliated yesterday by sending an extremely caustic letter to Mr. Parsons, part of which read:

I note with no surprise and not a little pleasure that you have indulged in an open letter to the Quigg faction candidate in the primary contest in the Twenty-ninth Assembly district. Everybody knows, including yourself, that the Quigg faction candidate used as a walking horse to defeat certain elements in the district. The compromise you effected, one of the conditions of which must have been your abandonment of me and the endorsement of Wells, is more of a tribute to my skill in fighting you than to your confidence in his success.

Mr. Wells. He needs it. He cannot and never did stand alone. He has no record of service to the Republic. His chief contribution to the party and to the cause you have been leading is his generous receptivity. He is in part due to my efforts, your abandonment me. If I win I shall not owe anything to your aid, but if you win it will be in part due to my efforts. Your belief in your victory in the Twenty-ninth Assembly district is largely due to my action in your behalf. My record of service to the Republican party is an open one. I never compromised with the Quigg faction. I am a politician and am fighting for your cause to the finish because believe you are in the right. Whether a stronger or more loyal man than you would do greater service to the cause is immaterial. Your abandonment of me will not affect my loyalty to your good cause.

ALL WAITS ON THE PRIMARIES

TUESDAY WILL TEST THE POWERS THAT SEEK CONTROL.

Murphy's Retirement Before the Year is Out as Tammany Leader is Predicted—Odell Has Everything Staked Now on the Results in Greater New York.

You couldn't get a Republican or a Democratic politician in any of the five boroughs of New York city to express a serious opinion yesterday as to candidates for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor or other aspirants for high public office, State or local. All feigned up that they were at sea, in the lough, befogged, distressingly uncertain, and would continue to be in that state of mind until the result of the primaries is definitely known on Wednesday morning.

This fall's election in the State, being the last before the Presidential election of 1908, is considered to be momentous. The primaries on Tuesday will determine if Boss Odell is to retain a foothold in New York city with which to menace the Republican State convention at Saratoga on September 25, and also if he is to be a power in the new State committee, which is to be elected for two years, running into the Presidential year.

There can be but one result of the Tammany primaries—the retirement before the year is out of Charles F. Murphy, leader of the organization and the elimination of J. Sergeant Cram, president of the Tammany county committee; Thomas F. McAvoy, chairman of the executive committee; Charles G. F. Wahl, vice-chairman of the executive committee; Representative Bourke Cockran, chairman of the committee on legislation, and John T. Oakley, chairman of the committee on rules.

If Boss Odell is successful at the primaries in New York county he will elect a new president of the county committee in place of Representative Herbert Parsons, and Mr. Parsons will not be renominated for Congress in the Thirtieth district. Also, Boss Odell will have the naming in New York county of eleven candidates for the House of Representatives, ten candidates for the Supreme Court bench, twelve State Senators, thirty-five Assemblymen, should Boss Odell win in Brooklyn he would have the power to nominate in that borough six candidates for the Supreme Court bench, five Congressmen, seven State Senators and twenty-one Assemblymen. In addition, should Boss Odell win in New York and Brooklyn he would have the naming of a number of minor candidates for the bench and candidates for Surrogate, and would elect seventeen of the thirty-seven members of the Republican State Committee.

For the Democratic side in both New York and Brooklyn the same number of important nominations are at stake. Boss Odell, it is well known, is after control of the Legislature. First, he wants to pounce on Speaker James W. Wadsworth, Jr., and in both the Assembly and Senate he hungers to name the committee on rules of the Assembly, in the committee in the closing days of the session is all powerful. Democrats admit that only a political revolution can take from the Republicans the Senate, which is now made up of thirty-six Republicans and fourteen Democrats, and the same admission was made as to the Assembly, which now comprises 107 Republicans, thirty-six Democrats, five Municipal Leaguers and two Independent Democrats.

Should Boss Odell be able, with the aid of New York and Brooklyn, to control the Legislature he would probably be in a position to name the successors in the United States Senate of Mr. Platt and Mr. Dewey, for very few Republicans believe that they will serve out their terms. Mr. Platt's term expires March 3, 1909, and Mr. Dewey's on March 3, 1911. Then, too, should Boss Odell be able after Tuesday's primaries to remove from the committee of the Republican State committee he would be influential in naming the four delegates at large and the seventy-four Congress district delegates to the Republican national convention of 1908.

Boss Odell and Boss Murphy have, it is declared, entered into an arrangement, deal, dicker or whatever you care to call it, to parcel out between them the ten new Supreme Court Justices to be nominated in New York county at the proportion of four for Boss Odell and six for Boss Murphy. Boss Odell's defeat at the primaries on Tuesday would smash this deal to finders, and it is already known that Boss Murphy will not be competent to carry out his end of the deal, for the reason that at most he will control not more than twelve Assembly districts on Tuesday, while the McClellan and the Sullivan forces will be between them.

The Sullivan hold the balance of power, and they will be powerful factors in determining the result of Congress, Judiciary, Senate and Assembly conventions. The Sullivan have stood sturdily at the back of Mayor McClellan since the beginning of the year. The primaries will be held on Tuesday from 2 to 9 P. M. Every enrolled Republican should vote at the primaries. Every enrolled Democrat should vote at the primaries.

JAMES SMITH, JR., RETIRES.

Resigns From New Jersey Democratic State Committee and Gives Up Politics.

In a letter to State Chairman William B. Gourley, read at a meeting of the Democratic State committee at Newark yesterday, former United States Senator James Smith, Jr., of Newark, formally resigned from membership of the State organization and announced his retirement altogether from politics. Mr. Smith has been recognized as the Democratic leader in New Jersey since 1902, when he was elected to the United States Senate after a campaign that ended the leadership of the late Governor Leon Abbott.

Mr. Smith's control of his party machine has been so successful, that his retirement now looked upon as a voluntary stepping down due to the reasons he ascribed in his letter. Mr. Smith was a member at large and chairman of the executive committee. This is his letter:

MY DEAR MR. GOURLEY: I beg to tender my resignation as a member of the Democratic State committee, and in doing so wish to express my appreciation of your courtesy to me personally and to pay tribute to your able work as well as that of the committee in the interest of our party. The Democratic party has honored me greatly. By way of trying to make some return for it I continued an active worker in the party's interests long after the demands of my personal affairs made it imperative that I should devote my efforts and strength exclusively to them. Business cares continue to increase with the years until at last it has become absolutely impossible to give any time to political matters. I can never interest in our grand old party and its efforts to give the public real republican government. The outlook now seems brighter than in many years, and in the near future I hope to be able to congratulate you and your associates on succeeding in bringing New Jersey back into the column of Democratic States.

No dentifrice like SOZODONT. Why? Because its mission as an Alkaline Antiseptic Liquid Dentifrice is to permeate the gums and mouth and penetrate the minutest crevices of the teeth, neutralizing and removing mouth acids, antisepticizing and cleansing the entire tooth structure. Its fragrance is delicious and lasting

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The following specials offered of the latest fall novelties in
Lace Curtains, Portières, Couch Covers, Table Covers, Rugs, &c.,
all marked at exceptionally low prices.
POINT ARABE LACE CURTAINS, Values \$13.00 to \$21.00 **9.48 to 15.00**
pair; for
NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS, Copies of finest imported Laces: **1.75**
Value \$2.50; pair
BONNE FEMMES, in white and Arabian colors, Value \$3.00; at **2.25**
BED SETS in REAL RENAISSANCE LACE, with deep handsome
fringe; special at, set **6.75**
TAPESTRY PORTIERES, beautiful colorings, new designs, Value **11.75**
\$17.00 pair, for
WILTON VELVET RUGS: up to date patterns; size 6x9; special at **9.98**
BRUSSELS TAPESTRY RUGS, 6x9, all wool **6.98**
WEST 125TH ST., 7TH & 8TH AVES.

HIGGINS'S REPLY TO DADY.

Makes It Clear That His Statement About Bosses Applies to the Colonel.

The letter which Gov. Higgins sent to Col. Dady in response to the one he received from Col. Dady complaining that the subordinates of the State Superintendent of Elections were acting as agents for Mr. Woodruff in the primary fights was given out at Albany yesterday. Col. Dady refused to give out the Governor's letter, although he made public his own before the Governor received it. This is the Governor's letter to Col. Dady:

"I am in receipt of your letter of Sept. 12 and noted its contents. I am amazed, to say the least, that you should construe the statement given out by me on Sunday last as in any way endorsing the position which you have taken and the policies which you have pursued politically. The second clause of that statement reads as follows: 'I am a confirmed believer in the organization and party leadership, but I have no faith in the boss whose loyalty to the people's representatives is measured by their personal allegiance to him. Such a one serves his party only when he can compel his party to serve him.'"

"I think our last conversation should be sufficient to define clearly to you my position. In fact, at the last interview which you had with me, when you were seeking a very responsible and lucrative office, the principal argument you made in your own behalf was, in effect, that you absolutely controlled the situation in Kings county, and that a certain other man, whose name you saw fit to mention, was merely a figurehead. This would certainly indicate that you claimed the bossship rather than the leadership in Kings county."

"To confirm this, another friend of yours informed me that I could make my renomination and reelection sure by selecting you as Railroad Commissioner, as you would absolutely control the Railroad Commission. I informed you that I felt that the railroad employees in this State were entitled to recognition by the appointment of one of their number as a member of the Railroad Commission."

"For this, as well as for other reasons, I did not wish to continue with your request. I trust this will make clear to you how my statement applies in your case. I have no knowledge or information, except that conveyed in the closing days of the session in the State service is, at the expense of the State, doing missionary work among the enrolled Republicans of either Brooklyn or New York. I shall immediately communicate with the Superintendent of Elections, who, I am very confident, will not encourage or permit the expenditure in violation of law of the appropriations made for his department."

Col. Dady sent a letter to Gov. Higgins last night denying most of the Governor's statements and concluding thus:

"My dear Governor, in Brooklyn, where I reside, the people know that I always tell the truth and I will leave it for the public to judge the question of veracity. If any there be, between you and me, I should have replied to your letter earlier, but, as you may know, I have been busily engaged in the closing days of the session to preserve the autonomy of Brooklyn and to prevent a wholesale delivery of the Republic of this county in the next State convention by a boss."

HARLEM IN RED FIRE BATH.

Rival Forces of Percy Nagle and Joseph W. Savage Parade.

Percival E. Nagle and the men who say they are going to elect him leader of the new Thirtieth Assembly district paraded through Harlem last night headed by sixty mounted men and the Sixty-ninth Regiment Band. Folks who have seen many Harlem parades say it was the largest in the history of the district. It took the marchers twenty-eight minutes to pass a given point, and they didn't stop anywhere either. One of the noisiest features was a negro fire drum corps. When the Nagles left the scene the Joseph W. Savage force came down from the Twenty-first Assembly district in five big eight-wheeling autos and three three-horse drags. Between the two parades Harlem had a red fire bath, which was the biggest feature so far of the local primary fight.

CANT STAND FOR HEARST.

Democrats in Seneca County Call Another Convention for Sept. 22.

WATERLOO, N. Y., Sept. 15.—The anti-Hearst Democrats of Seneca county, dissatisfied with the action of the county convention held at Romulus on September 1, when Hearst was endorsed for Governor, have called another convention, to be held in this village Saturday, September 22. At the former convention there was a riot, and the control was wrested from the old line Democrats by the Hearst adherents.

It is now charged that the first convention was a regular, the action precipitated what promises to be a most vigorous contest and split in the party in this county. The Republicans are likewise split with a serious quarrel.

Rockland County Republican Convention.

NYACK, Sept. 15.—The Republican county convention of Rockland county was held this afternoon. Matthew Hurd, who has served two terms at Albany, was unanimously renominated for Member of Assembly. Charles B. Fisher was nominated for Sheriff. The State delegates are the Hon. A. S. Tompkins, E. C. Bell, W. T. Purdy, George A. Wyre, Frank S. Harris. The five delegates to attend the judicial convention of this, the new Ninth judicial district, at White Plains next Thursday are a unit for the nomination of Judge Arthur S. Tompkins of Rockland.

Odell a Delegate to State Convention.
NEWARCOH, Sept. 15.—At the Republican convention of the First Assembly district of Orange county here this afternoon the Hon. William George Hastings was renominated and the following delegates were chosen: State convention, B. B. Odell, Jr., Senator Louis F. Goodell, John B. Rose, Frederick W. Wilson, Augustus Denington, Jonathan D. Wilson, Frank N. Bain, Theodore Merritt and Henry Secord.

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Established 1888
40 East 23d.

MARRIED.

ROONE-HAIGHT.—At Astoria, N. J., on Wednesday, Sept. 12 at noon, by the Rev. C. W. Davenport, Charles Boone, son of the late Sarah Boone, and Miss Edith Haigh, daughter of Mr. J. H. Haigh.

CROMWELL.—On Saturday, Sept. 16, 1906, at the Presbyterian Church, White Plains, N. Y., by the Rev. Joseph H. Robinson, Edna Wild to John Pearson Cromwell.

GROVER.—On Friday, Sept. 14, 1906, at Mount Vernon, by Rev. Dr. Bartholomew, Lola M. Waite to Kenneth B. Grover of White Plains.

DIED.

HUCKLE.—On Sept. 12, at St. Luke's Hospital, New Bedford, Mass., Mrs. Jessie Germond Buckner, daughter of the late Philip Germond, D. D.

Funeral services at the chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial Co., 8th and 10th st. Notice of time hereafter.

HURTS.—On Friday, Sept. 14, 1906, Mary L., beloved wife of Edward C. Hurts, in the 37th year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence, 1642 49th st., Brooklyn, on Monday, Sept. 17, 1906, at 9:30 o'clock A. M.; thence to the Church of St. Francis de Chantal, 87th st., near New Utrecht av., Brooklyn, Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

CULVER.—Rose A., wife of Henry K. Culver. Funeral services Monday, Sept. 17, 1906, at 2 P. M., at residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Adolph P. Morstadt, 348 Perry st., Trenton, N. J.

FLORIN.—On Sept. 14, 1906, at Southland, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., Abigail Catherine, beloved wife of the late John D. Flower.

Funeral private, Sunday the 16th inst., 3:30 P. M., at Dobbs Ferry.

INGRAM.—In Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1906, John H. Ingram.

Funeral will take place in Norfolk, Va., on Sunday, Sept. 17.

LAWTON.—George, at Rye, N. Y., Sept. 13, aged 24 years, son of the late Sarah Douglas and Benjamin Evans Lawton of Havana, Cuba.

Funeral services at Christ Church, Rye, Tuesday, the 18th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M. Carriages will meet train leaving New York 10:40 A. M. Interment at convenience of family.

LEIN.—Sept. 14, John P. Lein. Funeral Sunday, Sept. 16, at Derby, Conn.

MAGOVERN.—Died at Otisco, N. Y., William, eldest son of John P. Magovern. Interment at Woodlawn.

STURGES.—On Saturday, Sept. 15, 1906, William C. Sturges, in the 88th year of his age.

Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 21 West 20th st., New York city, Monday, Sept. 17, at 5 o'clock P. M. Interment at the convenience of the family.

WOODWARD.—On Sept. 14, Lillian B. Woodward, aged 38 years.

Funeral services at the chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial Co., 8th and 10th st. Notice of time hereafter. St. Louis papers please copy.

UNDERTAKERS.

Be not deceived. We are the only STEPHEN MERRITT BURIAL CO., 8th and 10th st., N. Y. City. Rev. Stephen Merritt, Pres. F. W. Radcliffe, Mgr.

STATE LEAGUE FOR PARSONS

IN NEW YORK AND FOR WOODRUFF IN KINGS COUNTY.

Declaration Adopted to That Effect—President John A. Stewart Says the Question is One of Supporting President Roosevelt or Such Men as Odell.

The Republican League of Clubs of the State of New York at a meeting held yesterday at the Hotel Astor pledged itself to support Herbert Parsons and Timothy L. Woodruff in the efforts they are making to retain control of the Republican county committee of New York and Kings. James B. Reynolds, the head of a sub-committee appointed to draw up a statement of the league's position in the prevailing factional fights in the two counties, read a declaration, part of which ran:

We declare against any state of leadership that would make a factional organization dominant against the whole Republican party; we declare against any organization that does not put party first and personal preference second; we believe that only those district leaders should be chosen who have shown by their records that they are Republicans first and organization men afterward, and we believe that this Republicanism is best represented in Manhattan by Herbert Parsons and in Kings by Timothy L. Woodruff.

President John A. Stewart before the resolutions were put to a vote said that the issue in the coming primary elections was sharp and clear. It was for the league to decide whether on the one hand President Roosevelt, who was behind Mr. Parsons, should be sustained, or whether the league would ally itself with such men as B. B. Odell, Jr., and Lemuel E. Quigg. Mr. Stewart in referring to the State situation, said that Gov. Higgins ought to have a renomination if political logic was adhered to, but that any lukewarmness toward Mr. Higgins was his own fault, because of his failure in announcing himself as a candidate for renomination.

The statement presented by Mr. Reynolds was unanimously adopted as expressing the policy of the league.

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FOR MONDAY AND TUESDAY

An Important Sale of Ribbons

We could in all justice to ourselves term it an extraordinary sale, since the weaves are new and adapted for the elaboration of millinery and the hair and for the new Empire belts, sashes and kindred things. Beyond that, the extremely generous price concessions are a factor—about one-half of what the ribbons are worth.

Sash Ribbon, imported Dresden and warp print, 8 to 10 inches wide, in an extensive variety of designs and color combinations. Value \$1.65 **68c**

Sash Ribbon, in fancy self-color weaves, 8 inches, in pink, blue, white, cardinal and lilac. Value \$1.00 **48c**

Sash Ribbon, in fancy satin and taffeta weaves, 7 and 8 inches, in pink, blue, white. Value 80c to \$1.00 **21c**

French Elastic Ribbon, 5 1/2 inches wide, in all the new fall millinery shades, together with light colors, black, white and cream. Value 38c **19c**

Fancy Dresden Ribbon, 5 inches wide, in light grounds, with various colored edges. Value 38c

Taffeta Ribbon,